## **Sutton Parish Council**

Budget Proposal for 2025/2026



### The Budgeting Process

- Parish councils can raise revenue to meet their spending requirements by issuing a 'Precept'
- Every year in January the Parish Council needs to agree the Precept for the next financial year
- The Finance Working Party reviews the council's spending commitments and creates a draft budget for the next year
- The council discusses and agrees the budget for the next financial year
- The council then agrees the Precept, which together with other income and drawings from Reserves, needs to cover the planned expenditure

#### Sources of Income

#### The Precept

- This is the total amount to be raised through the Council Tax from all the dwellings within the parish
- The 'Precept' is converted into an amount per Council Tax band and is part of the Council Tax bill from the District Council

#### Income from Facilities

 Hiring fees charged on users of the Community Room, the Pavilion and The Glebe

#### Income from Community Infrastructure Levy

- The Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) is a charge levied by local authorities on new development in their area
- It can only be spent to provide new infrastructure or maintain existing infrastructure needed to support new development

# Recap on 2024/25 Budget

- Budget for 2024-25 has seen a decrease in utility costs but facility hire has dropped
- Precept decision for 2024-2025:
  - Precept rose from £179,000 to £188,960, a Council Tax rise of £2.74 to £130.32 for a Band D property (+2.3%)
- Forecast General Reserve rise to 31% of Net Operating Requirement by 31 March 2025
  - Recover to 32% by 31 March 2026
  - Remain steady at around 30% by 31 March 2026

### Backdrop to 2025/26 Budget

- Started 2024/25 with a reasonable level of Reserves
  - General Reserves of £65036 at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024
  - It is anticipated that the balance on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025 will be approx £60922 (31% of Net Operating Requirement)
- New contracts for utilities from early March 2025
  - Should produce further reductions compared to 2024 tariffs
- Need to keep General Reserve above 25% of Net Revenue Expenditure
  - Based on guidance from Joint Panel on Accountability and Governance (JPAG) Practitioners' Guide March 2022

# Key Budget Changes 2025/26 (1)

- Significant reduction in utilities (gas and electricity)
  - Energy costs forecast to be roughly £1500 less than 2024
- Staffing budget updated with latest NJC agreement
  - No changes to staffing, retaining same office and facilities roles plus Lengthsman and Time Bank Coordinator
  - Much larger NI contributions, 13.8% contribution increased to 15% and threshold reduced from £9100 to £5000, leading to around £6,000 increase in NIC bill
- Adjusting expected income from Facilities -
  - Total income forecast at £21,080 for 2024/25
  - Total income forecast at £20,330 for 2025/26

# Key Budget Changes 2025/26 (2)

- Community Infrastructure Levy
  - Only to be used for highways improvements and facilities improvements and facilities maintenance
  - Plus allocations made for specific projects and maintenance needs

#### Recommendation for Precept

- Last year agreed precept of £188,960
  - A Band D Council Tax of £130.32 (+2.3%)
  - Annual increase of £2.74 or 3p per week
- Proposal for 2025-2026:
  - Precept rise from £188,960 to £200,000 Leading to Council Tax rise from £130.32 to £139.61 for a Band D property (+6.9%)
  - Annual increase of £9.30 or 18p per week

#### Impact on the General Reserve

- Starting position on 31 March 2024
  - General Reserve balance of £65,036
- Anticipated impact on GR in current financial year
  - Anticipated loss of £4,114 by year end
  - Leading to GR balance of £60,922 on 31 March 2025
- Anticipated spend from GR in 2025/2026
  - Draft budget forecasts addition of £3,958 in 2025/26
  - Leading to GR balance of £64,888 on 31 March 2026

#### Three Year Forecast

- In addition to budget for the coming year, the council looks at a three year forecast
  - Assumes 3.5% annual increase in expenditure
  - Assumes 3.5% annual increase in the precept

Summary	2024-25 Actual+F'cast		2025-26 Budget		2026-27 Forecast			2027-28 Forecast		
CASH REQUIREMENT	£	193,254	£	196,453	£	198,972		£	193,293	
PRECEPT	£	188,960.00	£	200,000.00	£	207,000.00	3.5%	£	214,245.00	3.5%
TO/FROM GENERAL RESERVES		(4,294.00)		3,547.00		8,028.22			20,952.08	
TOTAL GENERAL RESERVES START OF FINANCIAL YEAR	£	65,036	£	60,742	£	64,289		£	72,317	
Net Expenditure (ex Ioan repayment) General Reserves as %age of Net Operating Requirement	£	235,505 26%		214,135 27%		221,630 27%		£	229,387 32%	

#### Medium Term Outlook

- Short term: Restoration of General Reserves to comfortably above 25% minimum (predicted to be around 30% by 31<sup>st</sup> March 2026)
- Medium term: Balanced budget should be feasible without further action on General Reserves
  - Precept increases expected to roughly track inflationary pressures on future expenditure
  - Any new properties build in the parish could enable reduced future Council Tax increases or further services
  - Mortgage payments for The Glebe cease in 2 years allowing approx. £13,000 of budget to be freed up

#### Earmarked Reserves 2025/26

- CIL Reserve totals £53,950.33
- Agreed to allocate CIL Money as follows;
  - Footpath Bowls Club £6,000
  - Footpath St Andrews £6,000
  - New ovens £2,100
  - Glebe Rear Garden Refurb £5,000
  - The Old Rec Ditch £5,000
  - Glebe Windows £10,000
  - Glebe Maintenance £2,500
  - Pavilion Maintenance £2,500
  - LHI Weight Restriction £14,850.33